

Telecom & Poverty Reduction in Rural Communities: Good Business & Good Development

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## Competition Accelerates Universal Access to Telecom

- More than 50% of the world have never made a phone call
- Increases in rural teledensity and lower usage costs follow
   liberalization & privatization
- As monopoly operators disappear, new entrants can create *profitable* rural telecom networks



## Rural Telecom: The Final Frontier

 Rural – the final frontier of the multi-national telecom universe

#### But rural markets are

- complex
- often mysterious to urban telecom operators
- Common strategies:
  - Outsourcing, subcontracting,
  - Franchising
  - Ignoring

Opportunities for local ownership & management



Credit Assistance for Rural Operators

Micro-credit & SME credit
 programs are not normally geared
 to the rural telecom sector
 *but should be!*

 Marry rural telecom initiatives with credit programs with solid track-records and established rural revenue collection systems,



### Key Mechanisms

- Locally "owned" payphones & communication shops
- Securing the highest possible revenues from the fewest number of lines
- Promote access to everyone in the community
- Interconnection arrangements, revenue sharing, and tariff agreements
- Operators understand rural realities
- Reasonable regulation with teeth



## Regulation

- Enabling private sector to serve rural communities (interconnection, revenue sharing & tariffs, enforcement)
- Assistance to rural communities to demonstrate their business case and get the attention of operators
- Enabling small-scale ownership
  & operation at various levels



# Support for **Business Planning**

- Rapid market appraisal (RMA) ability and willingness to pay
- Consumer surplus normally higher in rural than in urban
- Location, location, location
- ♦ Universal access gender, age, ethnicity, religion, cultural variables, etc., etc.
- Optimized financial performance = **Commercial viability**
- Thorough understanding of technical options & costs



Grameen Telecom: Village Phone

- Universal access telephone is a gendered tool!
- Tying franchised telephone microbusinesses to micro-credit
- Solid business planning
- Monopoly carrier left window of opportunity for cellular service to rural
- Rural business case is astounding profit from 1,500 rural lines = 12,000 urban cell subscribers



Business Case in Bangladesh

- Rule of thumb
  - -2% of Per Capita GDP
- Ave. telecom expenditure of
  \$3.50 USD per person per year
  X 80,000,000 = \$280 Million USD
  potential revenue per year
- Not inc. potential revenue for overseas worker calls
- Not inc. available expenditure based on very high consumer surplus





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