



Load balancing for SIP media applications

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- Media servers consume usually **a lot** of resources (SEMS is not an exception).
- It is then more common to have a **media server farm**.
- How are we supposed to implement the **load balancing** in such a farm?

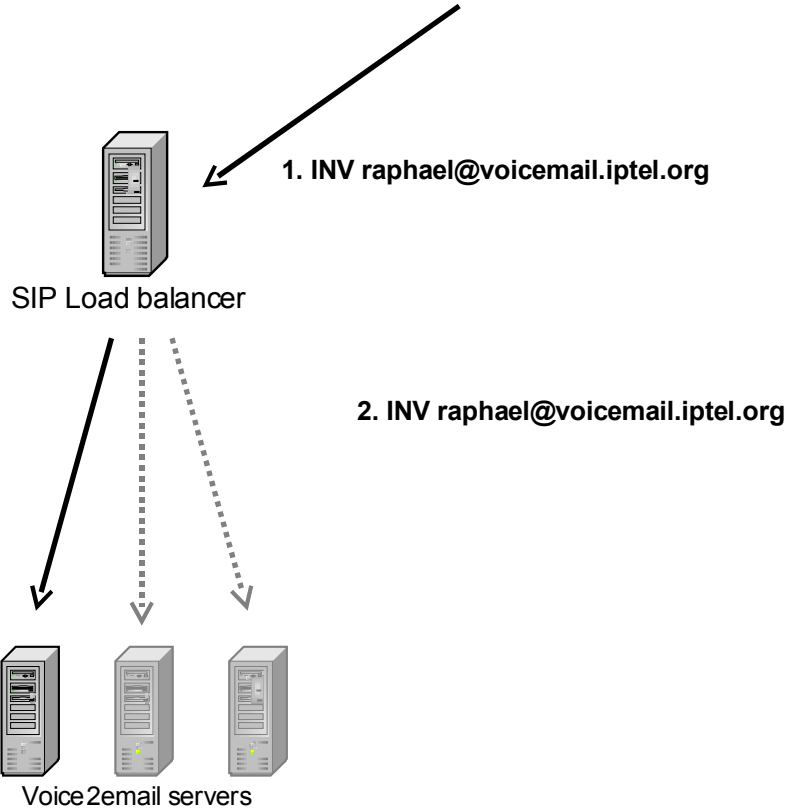


- At the IP layer:
 - use traditional **IP load balancers** (UDP/TCP).
 - You will need at least some **basic support from the SIP side** to get that to work.
 - You could have troubles with NATs or firewalls.
- SIP-wise:
 - **leverage SIP routing** to spread the requests.
 - You will need a **very fast** SIP proxy / load balancer.
 - ❖ Guess what? **SER** is doing more than **5k transactions / second**.

- Background
 - Media applications are mostly addressed by request URI (as recommended by relevant RFCs).
- How?
 - Round-robin style:
 - ❖ You may also want to implement some more complicated stuff, maybe based on load feedback.
 - ❖ Requests are just spread, and the load balancer does not need to stay in the signaling path.
 - Hashing based method:
 - ❖ Some value in the SIP message is hashed to determine the target.
 - ❖ The load balancer could even sit on the signaling path and stay stateless.
 - ❖ Statistics sometimes play tricks if the population is small.

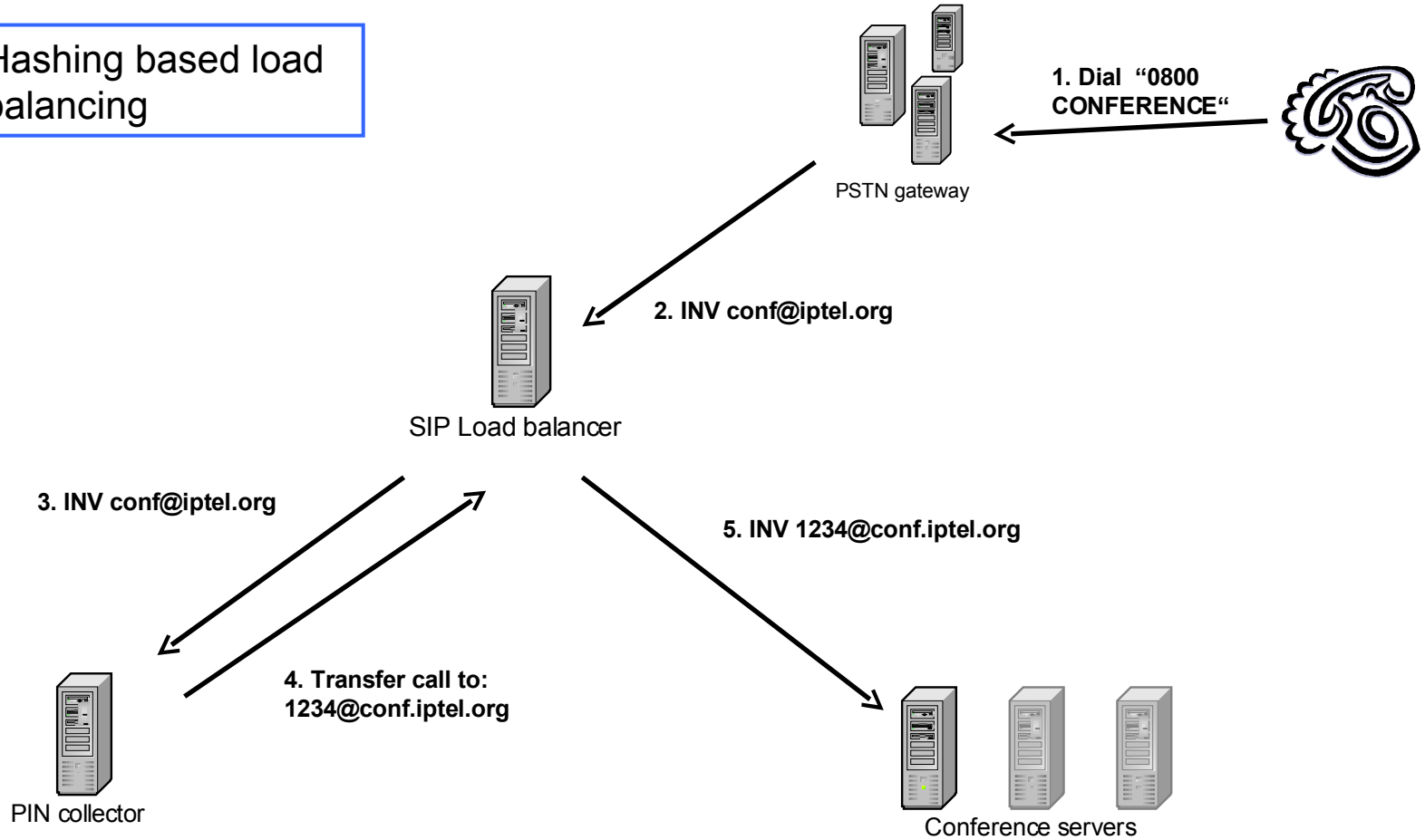
Example: Voice2email

Round-robin load balancing



Example: PSTN conferencing

Hashing based load balancing





Thank you!
Questions?

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